

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

Advanced Subsidiary General Certificate of Education Advanced General Certificate of Education

MATHEMATICS 4732

Probability and Statistics 1

Specimen Paper

Additional materials: Answer booklet Graph paper List of Formulae (MF 1)

TIME 1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your Name, Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided on the answer booklet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question or is clearly appropriate.
- You are permitted to use a graphic calculator in this paper.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.
- Questions carrying smaller numbers of marks are printed earlier in the paper, and questions carrying larger numbers of marks later in the paper.
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

- 1 Janet and John wanted to compare their daily journey times to work, so they each kept a record of their journey times for a few weeks.
 - (i) Janet's daily journey times, x minutes, for a period of 25 days, were summarised by $\Sigma x = 2120$ and $\Sigma x^2 = 180\,044$. Calculate the mean and standard deviation of Janet's journey times. [3]
 - (ii) John's journey times had a mean of 79.7 minutes and a standard deviation of 6.22 minutes. Describe briefly, in everyday terms, how Janet and John's journey times compare. [2]
- 2 Two independent assessors awarded marks to each of 5 projects. The results were as shown in the table.

Project	A	В	С	D	E
First assessor	38	91	62	83	61
Second assessor	56	84	41	85	62

- (i) Calculate Spearman's rank correlation coefficient for the data.
- (ii) Show, by sketching a suitable scatter diagram, how two assessors might have assessed 5 projects in such a way that Spearman's rank correlation coefficient for their marks was +1 while the product moment correlation coefficient for their marks was not +1. (Your scatter diagram need not be drawn accurately to scale.)

[5]

- **3** Five friends, Ali, Bev, Carla, Don and Ed, stand in a line for a photograph.
 - (i) How many different possible arrangements are there if Ali, Bev and Carla stand next to each other?
 - (ii) How many different possible arrangements are there if none of Ali, Bev and Carla stand next to each other?
 - (iii) If all possible arrangements are equally likely, find the probability that two of Ali, Bev and Carla are next to each other, but the third is not next to either of the other two. [3]
- 4 Each packet of the breakfast cereal Fizz contains one plastic toy animal. There are five different animals in the set, and the cereal manufacturers use equal numbers of each. Without opening a packet it is impossible to tell which animal it contains. A family has already collected four different animals at the start of a year and they now need to collect an elephant to complete their set. The family is interested in how many packets they will need to buy before they complete their set.
 - (i) Name an appropriate distribution with which to model this situation. State the value(s) of any parameter(s) of the distribution, and state also any assumption(s) needed for the distribution to be a valid model. [3]
 - (ii) Find the probability that the family will complete their set with the third packet they buy after the start of the year. [2]
 - (iii) Find the probability that, in order to complete their collection, the family will need to buy more than 4 packets after the start of the year. [3]

5 A sixth-form class consists of 7 girls and 5 boys. Three students from the class are chosen at random. The number of boys chosen is denoted by the random variable *X*. Show that

(i)
$$P(X=0) = \frac{7}{44}$$
, [2]

(ii)
$$P(X=2) = \frac{7}{22}$$
. [3]

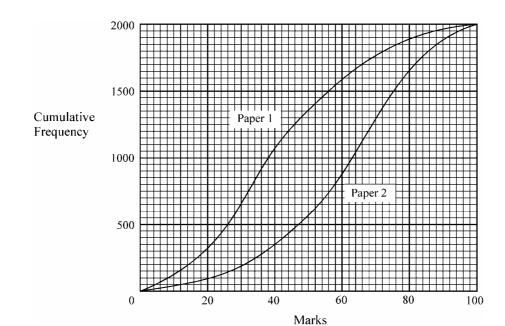
The complete probability distribution of *X* is shown in the following table.

x	0	1	2	3
P(X=x)	7/44	<u>21</u> 44	$\frac{7}{22}$	$\frac{1}{22}$

(iii) Calculate E(X) and Var(X).

6

[5]



The diagram shows the cumulative frequency graphs for the marks scored by the candidates in an examination. The 2000 candidates each took two papers; the upper curve shows the distribution of marks on paper 1 and the lower curve shows the distribution on paper 2. The maximum mark on each paper was 100.

- (i) Use the diagram to estimate the median mark for each of paper 1 and paper 2. [3]
- (ii) State with a reason which of the two papers you think was the easier one. [2]
- (iii) To achieve grade A on paper 1 candidates had to score 66 marks out of 100. What mark on paper 2 gives equal proportions of candidates achieving grade A on the two papers? What is this proportion?
- (iv) The candidates' marks for the two papers could also be illustrated by means of a pair of box-and whisker plots. Give two brief comments comparing the usefulness of cumulative frequency graphs and box-and-whisker plots for representing the data. [2]

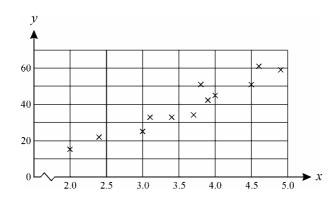
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- 7 Items from a production line are examined for any defects. The probability that any item will be found to be defective is 0.15, independently of all other items.
 - (i) A batch of 16 items is inspected. Using tables of cumulative binomial probabilities, or otherwise, find the probability that
 - (a) at least 4 items in the batch are defective, [2]
 - (b) exactly 4 items in the batch are defective. [2]
 - (ii) Five batches, each containing 16 items, are taken.
 - (a) Find the probability that at most 2 of these 5 batches contain at least 4 defective items. [4]
 - (b) Find the expected number of batches that contain at least 4 defective items. [2]
- An experiment was conducted to see whether there was any relationship between the maximum tidal current, $y \, \text{cm s}^{-1}$, and the tidal range, x metres, at a particular marine location. [The *tidal range* is the difference between the height of high tide and the height of low tide.] Readings were taken over a period of 12 days, and the results are shown in the following table.

												4.9
у	15.2	22.0	25.2	33.0	33.1	34.2	51.0	42.3	45.0	50.7	61.0	59.2

$$[\Sigma x = 43.3, \Sigma y = 471.9, \Sigma x^2 = 164.69, \Sigma y^2 = 20.915.75, \Sigma xy = 1837.78.]$$

The scatter diagram below illustrates the data.



- (i) Calculate the product moment correlation coefficient for the data, and comment briefly on your answer with reference to the appearance of the scatter diagram. [4]
- (ii) Calculate the equation of the regression line of maximum tidal current on tidal range. [4]
- (iii) Estimate the maximum tidal current on a day when the tidal range is 4.2 m, and comment briefly on how reliable you consider your estimate is likely to be. [3]
- (iv) It is suggested that the equation found in part (ii) could be used to predict the maximum tidal current on a day when the tidal range is 15 m. Comment briefly on the validity of this suggestion. [2]

1	(i)	Mean is 84.8 minutes	B1	F	For correct value 84.8
		Standard deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{180044}{25}} - 84.8^2$	M1	F	For correct formula or calculator use
		= 3.27 minutes	A1	3 F	For correct value 3.27
	(ii)	John's average time is about 5 minutes less than Janet's John's times are more variable than Janet's	B1√ B1√		For correct comparison of averages For correct comparison of variability
			5	<u> </u>	
2	(i)	Ranks are: 1 5 3 4 2 2 2 4 1 5 3	B2	F	For correct ranks (or reversed); B1 if 1 error
		Values of d are -1 , 1, 2, -1 , -1	M1	F	For correct values of d or d^2
		$r_s = 1 - \frac{6 \times 8}{5 \times 24} = 0.6$	M1	F	For use of the Spearman formula
			A1	5 F	For correct answer 0.6 or fractional equiv
	(ii)	× × (e.g.)	B2		For 5 points, showing any non-linear 'increasing' relationship
			7	<u> </u>	
3	(i)	3!×3! = 36	M1 A1	- 1	For at least one factor of 3! For correct answer
	(ii)	Ali, Bev and Carla must be in 1st, 3rd, 5th, posns Hence number of ways is $3! \times 2! = 12$	B1 M1 A1	F	For identifying this restriction For at least one of the factors present For correct answer
	(iii)	Total number of possible arrangements is 5! No. of ways with 2 together is $5!-36-12=72$ Hence probability is $\frac{72}{120} = \frac{3}{5}$	B1 M1 A1	F	For correct statement or use of 5! For subtraction of (i) and (ii) from total For correct answer
			8	1	
4	(i)	Geometric distribution $p = \frac{1}{5}$	B1 B1	- 1	For 'geometric' or 'Geo()' stated For correct parameter value
		Each packet is equally likely to contain any of the 5 animals, independently of other packets	B1	3 F	For either 'equally likely' or 'independent'
	(ii)	$\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 \times \left(\frac{1}{5}\right) = \frac{16}{125}$ or 0.128	M1 A1		For any numerical ' $q^n p$ ' calculation For correct answer
	(iii)	$\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^4$ or $1 - \left\{\frac{1}{5} + \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^3\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)\right\}$	M1		Allow M mark even if there is an error of 1 in
		$\frac{256}{625}$ or 0.4096 or 0.410	A1 A1	F	the number of terms For correct expression for the answer For correct answer
		625	_	_	
			<u> </u>	1	

EITHER: $P(X = 0) = {7 \choose 3} / {12 \choose 3} = \frac{35}{220} = \frac{7}{44}$	M1		For ratio of relevant $\binom{n}{r}$ terms
	A1		For showing the given answer correctly
OR: $P(X = 0) = \frac{7}{12} \times \frac{6}{11} \times \frac{5}{10} = \frac{7}{44}$	M1		For multiplication of relevant 'girl' probs
	A1	2	For showing the given answer correctly
EITHER: $P(X = 2) = P(2 \text{ boys and } 1 \text{ girl})$	M1		For use of three $\binom{n}{r}$ terms relevant to the 2B,
$= \binom{7}{1} \times \binom{5}{2} / \binom{12}{3}$			1G case
$= \frac{7 \times 10}{220} = \frac{7}{22}$	B1		For both $\binom{5}{2}$ and $\binom{12}{3}$ correct
	A1		For showing the given answer correctly
OR: $P(X = 2) = P(2 \text{ boys and } 1 \text{ girl})$	M1		For three probabilities multiplied relevant to
$=\frac{5}{12}\times\frac{4}{11}\times\frac{4}{10}\times3=\frac{7}{22}$			the 2B, 1G case
	B1		For inclusion of factor 3
	A1 	3	For showing the given answer correctly
$E(X) = 0 \times \frac{7}{44} + 1 \times \frac{21}{44} + 2 \times \frac{7}{22} + 3 \times \frac{1}{22} = \frac{5}{4}$	M1		For correct calculation process
	A1		For correct answer
$E(X^{2}) = 0 \times \frac{7}{44} + 1 \times \frac{21}{44} + 4 \times \frac{7}{22} + 9 \times \frac{1}{22} = \frac{95}{44}$	B1		For correct numerical expression for $\sum x^2 p$
$Var(X) = \frac{95}{44} - \left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{105}{176}$ or 0.597 (to 3dp)	M1		For correct overall method for variance
	A1√	5	For correct answer
		10	
Medians correspond to 1000 candidates	M1		For reading off at 1000; may be implied
$m_1 = 38, \ m_2 = 63$	A1		For correct value for either median
	A1	3	For both correct
1	B1		For a correct statement
Marks were higher on paper 2	 	2	For a correct justification
1700 cands on paper 2 corresponds to 82 marks	M1 A1		For reading off at 66; may be implied For stating the correct mark
Proportion is $\frac{2000-1700}{2000}$, i.e. 15%	M1		For relevant subtraction from 2000
	A1	4	For correct answer 15% or equivalent
Possible valid comments include: Box plots give quick direct comparisons of medians and IQRs Box plots don't include all the information that CF graphs do CF graphs can be used to read off values both ways round etc	B1 B1	2	For any one valid comment For any other valid comment
	EITHER: $P(X = 2) = P(2 \text{ boys and 1 girl})$ $= {7 \choose 1} \times {5 \choose 2} / {12 \choose 3}$ $= {7 \times 10 \choose 220} = {7 \over 22}$ OR: $P(X = 2) = P(2 \text{ boys and 1 girl})$ $= {5 \over 12} \times {4 \over 11} \times {4 \over 10} \times 3 = {7 \over 22}$ $E(X) = 0 \times {7 \over 44} + 1 \times {21 \over 44} + 2 \times {7 \over 22} + 3 \times {1 \over 22} = {5 \over 44}$ $E(X^2) = 0 \times {7 \over 44} + 1 \times {21 \over 44} + 4 \times {7 \over 22} + 9 \times {1 \over 22} = {95 \over 44}$ $Var(X) = {95 \over 44} - {5 \choose 4}^2 = {105 \over 176} \text{ or } 0.597 \text{ (to 3dp)}$ Medians correspond to 1000 candidates $m_1 = 38, m_2 = 63$ Paper 2 was easier Marks were higher on paper 2 66 marks on paper 1 corresponds to 1700 cands, 1700 cands on paper 2 corresponds to 82 marks Proportion is $\frac{2000 - 1700}{2000}$, i.e. 15% Possible valid comments include: Box plots give quick direct comparisons of medians and IQRs Box plots don't include all the information that CF graphs do CF graphs can be used to read off values both ways round	OR: $P(X = 0) = \frac{7}{12} \times \frac{6}{11} \times \frac{5}{10} = \frac{7}{44}$ M1 A1 EITHER: $P(X = 2) = P(2 \text{ boys and 1 girl})$ $= \binom{7}{1} \times \binom{5}{2} / \binom{12}{3}$ $= \frac{7 \times 10}{220} = \frac{7}{22}$ B1 A1 OR: $P(X = 2) = P(2 \text{ boys and 1 girl})$ $= \frac{5}{12} \times \frac{4}{11} \times \frac{4}{10} \times 3 = \frac{7}{22}$ B1 A1 $E(X) = 0 \times \frac{7}{44} + 1 \times \frac{21}{44} + 2 \times \frac{7}{22} + 3 \times \frac{1}{22} = \frac{5}{4}$ M1 A1 $E(X^2) = 0 \times \frac{7}{44} + 1 \times \frac{21}{44} + 4 \times \frac{7}{22} + 9 \times \frac{1}{22} = \frac{95}{44}$ B1 $Var(X) = \frac{95}{44} - \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{105}{176} \text{ or } 0.597 \text{ (to 3dp)}$ M1 A1 Medians correspond to 1000 candidates $m_1 = 38, m_2 = 63$ M1 A1 Paper 2 was easier Marks were higher on paper 2 B1 66 marks on paper 1 corresponds to 1700 cands, 1700 cands on paper 2 corresponds to 82 marks Proportion is $\frac{2000 - 1700}{2000}, \text{ i.e. } 15\%$ M1 Possible valid comments include: Box plots give quick direct comparisons of medians and IQRs Box plots don't include all the information that CF graphs can be used to read off values both ways round B1	OR: $P(X = 0) = \frac{7}{12} \times \frac{6}{11} \times \frac{5}{10} = \frac{7}{44}$ M1 A1 2 EITHER: $P(X = 2) = P(2 \text{ boys and 1 girl})$ $= \binom{7}{1} \times \binom{5}{2} / \binom{12}{3}$ $= \frac{7 \times 40}{220} = \frac{7}{22}$ B1 A1 OR: $P(X = 2) = P(2 \text{ boys and 1 girl})$ $= \frac{5}{12} \times \frac{4}{11} \times \frac{4}{10} \times 3 = \frac{7}{22}$ B1 A1 $E(X) = 0 \times \frac{7}{44} + 1 \times \frac{21}{44} + 2 \times \frac{7}{22} + 3 \times \frac{1}{22} = \frac{5}{4}$ M1 A1 $E(X^2) = 0 \times \frac{7}{44} + 1 \times \frac{21}{44} + 4 \times \frac{7}{22} + 9 \times \frac{1}{22} = \frac{95}{44}$ B1 Var(X) = $\frac{95}{44} - \binom{5}{4}^2 = \frac{105}{176}$ or 0.597 (to 3dp) Medians correspond to 1000 candidates $m_1 = 38, m_2 = 63$ M1 A1 A1 3 Paper 2 was easier Marks were higher on paper 2 66 marks on paper 1 corresponds to 1700 cands, 1700 cands, 1700 cands on paper 2 corresponds to 82 marks Proportion is $\frac{2000 - 1700}{2000}$, i.e. 15% M1 Possible valid comments include: Box plots give quick direct comparisons of medians and IQRs Box plots don't include all the information that CF graphs do CF graphs can be used to read off values both ways round etc B1 B1 B1 B1 B2

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7	(i)	(a) $1 - 0.7899 = 0.210(1)$	M1 A1	2	For complement of relevant tabular value For correct answer
		(b) $0.9209 - 0.7899 = 0.131$	M1 A1	2	For subtracting relevant tabular values For correct answer
	(ii)	(a) $0.790^5 + 5 \times 0.790^4 \times 0.210 + 10 \times 0.790^3 \times 0.210^2$	M1 M1 A1√		For recognition of B(5, 0.210) For identification of correct three cases For correct expression for the required prob
		=0.934	A1	4	For correct answer
		(b) Expectation is $5 \times 0.210 = 1.05$	M1 A1	2	For relevant use of <i>np</i> For correct answer
			-	10	
8	(i)	$r = \frac{1837.78 - \frac{43.3 \times 471.9}{12}}{\sqrt{\left(164.69 - \frac{43.3^2}{12}\right)\left(20915.75 - \frac{471.9^2}{12}\right)}}$	M1		For correct formula or calculator use
		= 0.956	A1		For correct value
		The value is close to $+1$,	B1		For relating the value to 1
		and the points in the diagram lie (fairly) close to a straight line with positive gradient	B1	4	For a reasonable comment about linearity
	(ii)	Gradient of regression line is $\frac{1837.78 - \frac{43.3 \times 471.9}{12}}{164.69 - \frac{43.3^2}{12}} = 15.9789$	M1		For correct formula or calculator use
		12	A1		For correct value for the regression coeff
		$y - \frac{471.9}{12} = 15.9789 \left(x - \frac{43.3}{12} \right)$	M1		For correct form of equn (may be implied)
		y = 16.0x - 18.3	A1	4	For correct (simplified) equation
	(iii)	$y = 16.0 \times 4.2 - 18.3$	M1		For substitution into equation from (ii)
	` /	Current is $48.8 \mathrm{cm}\mathrm{s}^{-1}$	A1√		For correct answer
		Comments could include: Diagram indicates some uncertainty			
		High value of pmcc suggests fairly reliable	B1	3	For any one reasonable comment
	(iv)	As extrapolation is involved, the prediction would be (very) unreliable	M1 A1		For identifying extrapolation For correct conclusion
				13	